

Differential Probe

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■ **PT-8110**
(100MHz,1400V)



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Maintenance

For maintenance, only use specified spare parts. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any accident arising following a repair made other than its after sales service or approved repairs.

Cleaning

This probe does not require any particular cleaning. If necessary, clean the case with a cloth slightly moistened with the soapy water.

Warranty

Unless notified to the country, our instruments are guaranteed against any manufacturing defect or material defect. They do not bear the specification known as the safety specification.

Our guarantee, which may not under any circumstances exceed the amount of the invoiced price, goes on further than the repair of our faulty equipment, carriage paid to our workshops.

Repair

Maintenance, repairs under or out of guarantee. Please return the product to the manufacturer.

PT-8110 Differential Probe

1.Features

The PT-8110 differential probe provides a safety means for measuring differential voltage to all models of oscilloscopes. It can convert the high differential voltage($\leq 1400V$) into a low voltage($\leq 14V$) and display on the oscilloscope. Its bandwidth is up to 100MHz, which is ideal for big power testing, development and maintain.

The PT-8110 is designed to operate with the $1M\Omega$ impedance oscilloscopes. When combine with the 50Ω load, the attenuation will be 2 times.

PT-8110 is recommend to use with our own manufactured PL-10N to expand the measuring with the electricity meter to observe more accurate measurement. The accuracy of oscilloscope is 1% and the DMM is less than 1%)

2.Specifications

- (1) Bandwidth:DC-100MHz
- (2) Attenuation: X1000,X100
- (3) Accuracy: $\pm 2\%$
- (4) Input voltage range
 - $\leq \pm 140V$ for x100
 - $\leq \pm 1400V$ for x1000
- (5) Permitted max input voltage:
Max differential voltage: 1400V(DC+AC PEAK)

Max voltage between each input terminal and ground: 1KV RMS

(6) Input Impedance:

Each side: $4M\Omega / 2.5pF$

Between sides: $8M\Omega / 1.3pF$

(7) Output voltage: $\leq \pm 7V$

(8) Output impedance: 50Ω

(9) Rise time: 3.5ns

(10) Rejection rate on common mode:

60Hz: $> -80dB$; 100KHz: $> -50dB$

(11) Power Supply: 6V DC power supply.

(12) Consumption: 0.3A max

3. Operating environmental conditions

	Reference	Use	Storage
Temperature	+20°C...+30°C	0°C....+50°C	-30°C....+70°C
Relative Humidity	$\leq 70\%RH$	10%...85%RH	10%...90%RH

Dimensions and weight : 84x38x186mm; 500g

4. Operating procedure

- Connect the probe to the oscilloscope with the insulated BNC/BNC lead.
- Adjust the vertical zero adjustment of the oscilloscope if necessary.
- Select the attenuation ratio* and the vertical deviation of the oscilloscope in accordance with the conversion table below.
- NB: The POWER light must come on.

Attenuation ratio	X1000	X100
Voltage Input Range (DC+AC Peak)	$\pm 1400V$	$\pm 140V$

[N.B]

The real vertical deviation in V/div is equal to the attenuation factor multiplied by the range of vertical deviation selected on the oscilloscope. It will be doubled in the case of use of a 50Ω load.

PT-8000 Series Differential Probe Buying Guide

Model	Bandwidth	Attenuation Ratio	Accuracy	Max. input voltage (DC+AC Peak)
PT-8001	25MHZ	1:100/10	2%	700V@1/100 70V@1/10
PT-8002	25MHZ	1:200/20	2%	1400V@1/200 140V@1/20
PT-8010	70MHZ	1:1000/100	2%	7000V@1/1000 700V@1/100 2500Vrms
PT-8020	70MHZ	1:1000/100	2%	7000V@1/1000 700V@1/100 5000Vrms
PT-8101	100MHZ	1:100/10	2%	700V@1/100 70V@1/10
PT-8110	100MHZ	1:1000/100	2%	1400V@1/1000 140V@1/100